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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the subject application, and please amend the claims as follows:

- (Currently amended): A process for inducing and/or accelerating at least one phase
  transformation in molecular solids comprising organic molecules or which are of organic origin,
  wherein the molecular solid is organic molecules are subjected to a tribochemical treatment, and
  wherein the phase transformation is achieved essentially by means of transmission of high
  kinetic energies.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the phase transformation is achieved essentially by means of transmission of high mechanical energies.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the phase transformation is achieved essentially by means of transmission of high kinetic energies of 35 g to 50 g and higher.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transformation is to a crystalline phase.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the phase transformation is induced at the interfaces of the solid.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transformation takes place between two polymorphs.

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- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in one claim 1, wherein the transformation takes place from an amorphous or glasslike phase to one or more crystalline phases.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein a solid not present in phase-pure form is converted to a phase-pure polymorph.

## 9. (Canceled)

- 10. (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the solids are mixtures of inorganic and organic molecules.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein a semicontinuous process is effected.
- (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein it is effected under a defined atmosphere.
- 13. (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein it is effected under a defined pressure.
- 14. (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein it is effected under temperature control.

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- 15. (Previously presented): The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the solid possesses a greater density after the phase transformation.
- 16. (Currently amended): A method of using high-energy mills for performing phase transformations comprising:

providing a high energy mill.

providing a molecular solid comprising organic molecules or which are of organic origin, and

subjecting the molecular solid organic molecules to a tribochemical treatment,

wherein the phase transformation is achieved essentially by means of transmission of high kinetic energies.

- 17. (Previously presented): The method of claim 16, wherein transmission of high kinetic energies includes providing grinding media moving at a velocity of 14 m/s and greater in the high energy mill.
- 18. (Previously presented): A method of inducing or promoting a phase transition in an active pharmaceutical ingredient comprising:

transmitting high kinetic energies to an active pharmaceutical ingredient.

19. (Previously presented): A method of inducing or promoting a phase transition in cocrystal comprising:

transmitting high kinetic energies to a co-crystal.

20. (New): A method of inducing or promoting a phase transition in an organic molecule comprising:

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transmitting high kinetic energies, wherein the phase is a co-crystal.

21. (New): A method of inducing or promoting a phase transition in an organic molecule comprising:

transmitting high kinetic energies,

wherein the transition is to a crystalline phase and the phase is a co-crystal.